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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

TEN PAGES

VOL. XXVII.

ATLANTA, GA., FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 5, 1894.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

VOTES TO SPARE.

Democracy's Ticket Is Safe by a
Handsome Majority.

BETWEEN 25,000 AND 33,000

The Populists Just Made It Interesting
for the Old Party.

FOR A YOUNG PARTY IT DID WELL

Atkinson Defeats Hines by a Per-
fect Deluge of Ballots.

APATHY AMONG THE DEMOCRATS

Their Absence from the Polls Accounts for
Apparent Populist Gains—The Negroes
Voted Solidly with the Third Party.

Georgia has gone democratic by a major-
ity exceeding 25,000. It may reach 33,000.
The complete returns presented in yester-
day's Constitution will prove to be approx-
imately correct. There is a considerable dif-
ference in the vote of the different candi-
dates on the state ticket and this confuses
some measure the attempt to get at an
exact majority.

Yesterday the votes in the several coun-
ties of the state were consolidated at the
various county seats. Reports from these
so far as they have been received show
that the Constitution's figures of Wednes-
day night were very close. The changes
make no difference in the general result.
Hon. W. X. Atkinson was elected governor
and with him the entire statehouse ticket.

The populists will have five or six mem-
bers of the senate and about fifty-five mem-
bers of the house. The latest returns show
the defeat of Dr. Whitley, the democratic
candidate for senator in the district com-
prising Douglas, Coweta, Meriwether and
Campbell.

A comparison of the vote on Wednesday
with that for Northern and Peck two years
ago shows that the populists have not made
any great gain in their voting strength.
There was an over-confidence among the
democrats and a large percentage of them
neglected to vote. The chief populist gains
are due to negro accessions.

The only amendment to the constitution
which has a chance is that regulating in-
valid pensions. The summer session and
the supreme court amendments have hard-
ly escaped defeat.

OVER CONFIDENT IN TERRELL.

Finally 500 Democrats Remained
from the Polls.

Dawson, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—The
result of yesterday's election was a pro-
found surprise to every one, and Terrell
county, which has always been overwhelm-
ingly democratic, came near being captured
by the populists. The result of the elec-
tions was a difference on the part of the
democrats. 500 democrats failed to go
to the polls. The negroes had evidently
been well drilled, and they voted almost
solidly for the third party ticket. Not since
the days of radical rule have they stood so
firmly together, and they openly claimed
the populists as "our party," and it was
the well nigh impossible task to make
such a result as this a reality. A second
fight is to happen in this county again, as the
democratic party will be vigilant and active
hereafter. Below is the consolidated vote:
W. Y. Atkinson, 880; Allen D. Candler, 783;
W. A. Wright, 737; R. U. Hardeman, 737;
J. M. Terrell, 737; R. T. Nesbitt, 734; for
senator eleventh district, J. B. Bussey, 719;
for the house, J. W. Bennett, democrat, 618;
W. D. Middleton, populist, 461. First amend-
ment, 338 for, 239 against; second amend-
ment, 336 for, 238 against; third amend-
ment, 293 for, 366 against.

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ment, 336 for, 238 against; third amend-
ment, 293 for, 366 against.

A Hard Fight in Jefferson.

Louisville, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—The
official consolidated count of the election
returns for this county was finished at 4 o'clock
this afternoon, with the following result:
For governor—Atkinson, 1,235; Hines, 1,062;
for senator, Sharp, democrat, 1,615; Morris, populist, 1,611; for representatives—
Molino, democrat, 1,531; Flits, democrat, 1,629; Speer, populist, 1,648; Murray, populist, 1,682.

There is one district in the county called
"the Forks," in the extreme western part
of Terrell county, which is entitled to the
banner, as a democratic stronghold. Not a
single populist vote was cast, every ballot
being democratic.

Columbia Is Heavily Populist.

Hartwell, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—The
consolidated vote of Columbia gives Hines
1,291; Atkinson, 303; for the senate, Sneed,
1,182; McDaniels, 526. Mel Branch, populist,
is elected to the legislature by a large
majority over Carter, republican.

Burke for Atkinson.

Waycross, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—
Correct returns give W. Y. Atkinson's ma-
jority as 727 in Burke county.

Clarke Gives 118.

Athens, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—Atkin-
son's official majority in Clarke county is
118.

Wilkinson Goes for Atkinson.

Covington, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—The
consolidation for Wilkinson was completed
this afternoon. The result was as follows:
For governor, W. Y. Atkinson, 1.

557; J. K. Hines, 402; for representative, J.
P. Bloodworth, 572; J. U. Parker, 404. The
candidates for senator and statehouse offi-
cers received their party vote. Five dis-
tricts were thrown out from failure of the
managers to sign the election returns and
other defects. The face of the return
shows that Bloodworth, democrat, and Park-
er, populist, each received 500 votes—a tie.

Sunter's Majority.

Americus, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—
Sunter's official vote shows majorities as
follows: Atkinson 1,371; Hines 913; C. C. Bush, democrat,
for senator, 1,367; W. S. Bush, populist,
for senator, 1,366; Jones 904; Cook, democrat,
for the legislature, 1,364; Evans, populist,
for the legislature, 1,364; Freeman, populist,
for the legislature, 1,364.

424 Majority in Decatur.

Bainbridge, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—
Decatur county's consolidated returns are:
Atkinson 1,371; Hines 913; C. C. Bush, democrat,
for senator, 1,367; W. S. Bush, populist,
for senator, 1,366; Jones 904; Cook, democrat,
for the legislature, 1,364; Evans, populist,
for the legislature, 1,364; Freeman, populist,
for the legislature, 1,364.

500 Majority in Marietta.

Swainsboro, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—
J. G. Carter, for the senate from the six-
teenth district, received 1,322;

J. C. Kemp 1,305; J. M. Williams, 1,187;

Atkinson 1,305; Candler 1,328; Nance 1,370;

Wright 1,303; Kemp 1,404; Hardeman 1,315;

Terrell 1,315; Mahaffey 1,377; Nesbitt 1,312;

Berry 1,318; J. A. Coleman, democrat, 1,308;

J. T. Coleman, populist, 1,341.

Emmanuel Sends a Democrat.

Swainsboro, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—
J. G. Carter, for the senate from the six-
teenth district, received 1,322;

J. C. Kemp 1,305; J. M. Williams, 1,187;

Atkinson 1,305; Candler 1,328; Nance 1,370;

Wright 1,303; Kemp 1,404; Hardeman 1,315;

Terrell 1,315; Mahaffey 1,377; Nesbitt 1,312;

Berry 1,318; J. A. Coleman, democrat, 1,308;

J. T. Coleman, populist, 1,341.

Whitfield and Murray.

Dalton, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—
Whitfield's official vote is as follows: Atkinson
1,371; Hines 913; C. C. Bush, democrat,
for senator, 1,367; W. S. Bush, populist,
for senator, 1,366; Jones 904; Cook, democrat,
for the legislature, 1,364; Evans, populist,
for the legislature, 1,364; Freeman, populist,
for the legislature, 1,364.

Colonel Thornton, the populist candidate

for congress from this district, is greatly

elated over the result in the fourth.

The populists have carried the district by about

500 majority.

Three Boxes Thrown Out.

Zebulon, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—
Carter, for the senate from the sixteenth
district, received 1,322;

J. C. Kemp 1,305; J. M. Williams, 1,187;

Atkinson 1,305; Candler 1,328; Nance 1,370;

Wright 1,303; Kemp 1,404; Hardeman 1,315;

Terrell 1,315; Mahaffey 1,377; Nesbitt 1,312;

Berry 1,318; J. A. Coleman, democrat, 1,308;

J. T. Coleman, populist, 1,341.

Newton Gave Nearly 400.

Covington, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—
Newton's official vote is as follows: Atkinson 1,371;

Hines 913; C. C. Bush, democrat, 1,367;

W. S. Bush, populist, 1,366; Jones 904;

Cook, democrat, 1,364; Evans, populist, 1,364;

Freeman, populist, 1,364.

Colonel Thornton, the populist candidate

for congress from this district, is greatly

elated over the result in the fourth.

The populists have carried the district by about

500 majority.

Bartow 401 Populistic.

Cartersville, Ga., October 4.—(Special).—
The following are the official returns of

Bartow county in the election yesterday:

For Governor—Hines 1,248, Atkinson 947;

for senator, 1,248; for representative, 1,248;

for the legislature, 1,248; for the state house,

1,248; for the state senate, 1,248.

For the state house, 1,248; for the state senate,

1,248; for the state senate, 1,248.

For the state senate, 1,248; for the state house,

1,248; for the state house, 1,248.

For the state house, 1,248; for the state senate,

1,248; for the state senate, 1,248.

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1,248; for the state house, 1,248.

For the state house, 1,248; for the state senate,

1,248; for the state senate, 1,248.

For the state senate, 1,248; for the state house,

1,248; for the state house, 1,248.

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POLICE AS ROBBERS.

New York's Finest Are Shown to Be a Set of Blackmailers.

EVERYBODY MUST PAY TRIBUTE

A Woman Gives Startling Evidence Before the Lexow Committee—She Had to Buy Diamonds for the Captain.

New York, October 4.—Favoritism in the board of police was the subject of a brief statement by Mr. Moss, the Parkhurst Society's agent, before the Lexow committee today. Two policemen had been convicted of similar offenses, drunkenness and deserting their beats. One was fined a few days' pay and the other was dismissed from the force. The supposition is that the first office had a pull, which the other had not. Then Max Muscovitch told of the arrest of one of his friends and asserted that before the prisoner was permitted to send word to another friend he was compelled to pay the door man of the police station \$2.

William T. Meredith, a banker of No. 48 Wall street, who was recently assaulted on Fifth avenue, told the committee about that affair. He had, he said, been set upon by an organized mob of 300 men, who were in advance of a political club's procession and who swept up Fifth avenue assaulting and robbing citizens promiscuously. Mr. Goff said that there was no police line in front of the procession as the law provided.

Mr. Meredith said the police had made no arrests.

The clubbing by Policeman Dunn yesterday of Thomas Lucas was also taken up by the committee. Lucas's employer testifies to his good character, and Lucas told his story to the committee. Dunn swooned when Lucas attacked him, before he used his club. The policeman found it difficult to explain why he used so much force. Then a colored woman told a sensational story which implicated Captain Schmittberger and some of his men. She was Sarah Brown, of West Thirty-fourth street, who has a suit for damages against Isaac Cohen, a lawyer. Another woman had advised her to drop the suit against Cohen, as he was a friend of Captain Schmittberger. The captain, she said, would arrest her. Later two policemen called and advised her to drop the suit. One of the policemen tried to criminally assault her.

Then the Brown woman said she was arrested for keeping a disorderly house, and Policeman Callahan told her Captain Schmittberger would settle for \$500.

At this point Elbridge T. Gerry entered the court in a great state of excitement.

He was bristling with indignation at the statement made yesterday by Mr. Goff that the Gerry Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children was vested with too much power, which was often abused. Commodore Gerry wanted to read a long type-written statement. The time for that, Mr. Goff thought, was not opportune, and Mr. Gerry withdrew.

Sarah Brown, then continuing her testimony, told how a Gerry agent once threatened to take her child away unless she gave him \$50.

At the afternoon session, a little woman, dressed in black, took the stand. Mr. Goff prefaced her examination with a remarkable statement. "This morning," said he, "an attempt was made to get this woman out of the country."

Mr. Goff did not go into details. He drew from the witness how she had lashed her enemy on ex-Warden Frank Wilson, formerly of the State Penitentiary at Milledgeville. She was the keeper of a house of ill fame on Peachtree street. Under threats of "smelling" she got from her about everything she possessed. She furnished his house, bought a silver set, diamond rings for his wife and clothing for his children. Wilson, she said, resigned from the force the day the committee opened its campaign. He was now living in Philadelphia.

Then came a sensation. Inspector McLaughlin's name was dragged in. McLaughlin was formerly captain of the eleventh precinct. The woman swore that she paid a \$300 invitation fee to Wardman Burns under Captain McLaughlin. Every month she paid \$50 to Burns. When Burns wanted a diamond stud he got it from her to purchase it. She said she was now broken down and penniless. Her money had gone into the police coffers. Referring to the Gerry society agents, she said they collected money from all houses where girls under age were kept.

Mr. Goff made the most of this bit of testimony. She told how Captains Gross had trapped Gerry agents, Becker and Flinn, when they paid \$500 to the police, and answered from eight to ten thousand dollars.

Warden James W. Ledwith, of Jefferson Market prison, was then hauled over the coals for visiting David Pender, a green goods man, on Blackwell's Island.

Pender was mentioned in the testimony of Applegate, and it appears that the warden, who is a friend of Detective Sergeant Marshall, had interested himself in order to get a statement from the officer which would help Hanley. He was taken to task for improper practices in his prison. He was charged with favoring certain lawyers and that beer cans were permitted to be "rushed" at night.

An adjournment was then taken until Tuesday next.

JAPS NEED MONEY.

So They Will Endeavor to Negotiate a Foreign Loan.

London, October 4.—According to a Yoko-hama dispatch printed in The St. James Gazette the Japanese government has decided to float a foreign loan, possibly for the purpose of prosecuting the war against China, and a bill authorizing such action will be introduced in the imperial diet without delay. The amount of the loan to be contracted is not known.

The same dispatch states that the Japanese forces have dispersed the rebellious Tagakura of Korea.

London, October 4.—The Times, in a leader today, points to the fact that neither Marquis de Dufferin nor Baron de Courcel, the new French ambassador, is at present here, as proof that there are no serious matters in dispute between the two governments, says:

"Baron de Courcel's appointment indicates that France desires to preserve the friendly relations with Great Britain. We have, of course, various questions of more or less urgency and complexity, which we ourselves and France, but on a calm examination of all these problems it is difficult to suppose that any one, or even any group of them could suddenly develop in such fashion as to threaten, however remotely, our good understanding. In Madagascar our relations are so defined by agreements, which we have every intention

of religiously respecting, as to leave France a free hand with all reasonable limits. In Egypt, as far as known, and in the whole category of African questions, our naval or military have come to light lately. In Siam it appears that there will be no fresh ground for controversy until the report of the delimitation committee shall be ready. In the far east, on the contrary, we are forcibly struck by the existence of a state of disturbance which obviously may give rise to questions needing prompt decision by the cabinet."

The Times, on the authority of its Portsmouth correspondent, declares that yesterday's rumors regarding the movement of the British fleet are unfounded.

The Cabinet Meeting.

The Central News announces semi-officially that the proceedings of the cabinet council were chiefly devoted to affairs in the east. Also, that the cabinet decided to send two additional cruisers and two more gunboats to China.

The Westminster Gazette expresses a belief that the cabinet council unanimously adopted plans for the protection of British subjects in China.

The Exchange Telegraph Company says that the British fleet will be sent to India to protect the treaty ports in China.

The first rifle brigade will leave Calcutta on October 13th for Hong-Kong. The other troops which are expected to be dispatched include the Northumberland Fusiliers, two battalions of Ghurkas and four regiments of Sikhs and drafts from the Punjab.

The St. James Gazette says that Lord Dufferin, the British Ambassador to France, who is spending a leave of absence at Glendevon house, his seat at Belfast, has been summoned to London.

In an interview today Mr. Sinclair, ex-British consul at Foo-Chow, said that with the exception of Li Hung Chang's force and the army of Manchuria, China's forces are worthless; the profession of arms being held in contempt. The discipline is bad, Japan, in his opinion, is bound to win, but defeat will not endanger the cause of dynasties and will probably compel China to look to Europe for the lessons she needs.

With Carry Supplies to China.

Liverpool, October 4.—The Shipping and Telegraph News says it learns that a steamer has been chartered near home to convey munitions of war to China. The freight to be paid on the cargo will exceed the value of the vessel, and the venture is insured at three guineas per hundred-weight. The owners will make a small fortune if the steamer evades capture under the foreign enlistment act.

NEW YORK POLITICS.

Senator Hill Confident of the Result.

New York, October 4.—Senator Hill was seen at democratic headquarters this morning. He said he would stay in town a day or two longer, and that he hoped to give out a statement before going back to Albany. He was asked in regard to the situation but declined to discuss the matter.

When asked in relation to the prospects of the success of the democratic party this fall, he said that it was always his fortune to go into the fight when the clouds were dark, but that he came in strong at the stretch.

Hinchey Calls on Gaynor Again.

Brooklyn, N. Y., October 4.—Major Hinchey, chairman of the democratic state committee, paid another visit this afternoon to Judge Gaynor. The two were together about thirty minutes. After their talk Major Hinchey said: "I cannot talk now, I think nothing will be settled today, nor do I expect anything to be settled today." In regard to the rumors concerning him he said: "I do not deal in rumors. I know nothing of the matter of which you speak. In relation to my own nomination I must be treated with little patience. You must remember no one has as yet been notified and no one has accepted."

THE CZAR WILL DIE.

His Death Is Expected at Any Moment.

Cancer of the Kidneys.

Berlin, October 4.—The Kreuz Zeitung, which usually obtains accurate news from the Russian court, learns that the czar is in a far worse state of health than has been officially admitted and that his death may be expected within a few weeks. The czarina, according to this information, has been made fully aware of her husband's condition.

The visit of the czarowitz to Darmstadt was postponed upon the advice of the physicians of the czar, and the marriage of the czarowitz to Princess Alix, of Hesse, was also postponed on the same advice. It was rumored that the engagement of the czarowitz to Princess Alix had been broken, but this is untrue. It is a fact, however, that the Kreuz Zeitung's correspondent asserts, that General Pobedonskoff, the protector of the czar, had highly impertinent letter on the subject.

London, October 4.—The Standard's St. Petersburg correspondent telegraphs that the czar's symptoms are those of cancer of the kidneys. Public rumor ascribes the fact of his majesty's growing worse to Dr. Zacharin's excessive use of the lancet. Dr. Zacharin is known to be addicted to bleeding his patients, a mode of treatment he followed with excellent results when the czar was ill with influenza.

NO BLOCKADE AT MADAGASCAR.

The Action of French Warships Caused the Report.

London, October 4.—A dispatch from Port Louis to a news agency here, received today, repeats the denial previously made that a blockade of the ports of Madagascar had been proclaimed.

The dispatch adds that the reports arose through the misconstruction of the steps taken by the French warships along the coast to prevent the landing of arms and ammunition for the Hovas. The same dispatch states that the French resident general in Madagascar warned the settlers in the island to repair to the coast in view of the possibility that hostilities might occur. Many of them followed his advice and went to the coast towns, but Bishop Cazet and the Catholic missionaries remained at their posts.

A COMMITTEE OF ONE HUNDRED.

Citizens of Augusta Decide to Take Charge of Affairs.

Augusta, Ga., October 4.—(Special)—The Citizens' Association of the committee of one hundred will be reorganized to nominate a ticket for mayor and councilmen. In response to an anonymous invitation there was a meeting of citizens at the exchange last night. The invitation was addressed to those known to be in favor of a good government. "No one could be induced to say he was the author of the invitation. There was a disposition on the part of some of those present not to proceed with business until it had been ascertained by whom the call was sent out. The majority decided, however, to go ahead with the organization. Major W. H. Warren was called to the chair and presided. After much discussion it was decided to form a committee of one hundred to take charge of affairs in custody. The chairman was given power at his leisure to appoint a committee of twenty-five from each ward. The committee of twenty-five from each ward will select a further committee of seventy-five, fifteen from each ward, and the whole will be appointed to the committee of one hundred.

Wish to Keep Him.

The congregation of the First Baptist Church of Atlanta, with Great Britain. We have, of course, various questions of more or less urgency and complexity, which we ourselves and France, but on a calm examination of all these problems it is difficult to suppose that any one, or even any group of them could suddenly develop in such fashion as to threaten, however remotely, our good understanding. In Madagascar our relations are so defined by agreements, which we have every intention

NOW FOR THE CUP.

Orioles and Giants Have it Hot and Heavy in Their First.

POLICE PROTECT THE UMPIRE

Players Mix Up and a Riot Is Narrowly Averted—New York Wins by 4 to 1.

Baltimore, Md., October 4.—No deeper nor more intense feeling of rivalry ever characterized a game of baseball in Baltimore than was felt and displayed in today's contest. Trouble was averted at different stages of the game by the few cooler-headed players and a riot at the conclusion of the game was prevented only by the large police force, which escorted the Umpire Emslie off the field. The excitement was at fever heat from start to finish and is remarkable that even the blow bunts were exchanged by the players did not furnish a cause for serious consequences.

For two or three hours this afternoon it looked certain that there would be an exhibition game only; that the Temple trophy would be thrown aside and the Orioles would forfeit whatever interest they might have in it. It was not until the game was called that the decision was made to play for the cup.

McGraw, of the Orioles, steadfastly refused to agree to the \$5 and 25 per cent distribution of the receipts to accrue from the series and other members of the team would not play until the little third baseman consented and played his regular position. McGraw contended that the only proper thing to do was to play for even stakes, as had been agreed by Messrs. Hilditch and Ward, representing the views of their respective teams. The outcome young man said, at least, was not in doubt, as the Oriole fans were clear to him that the contests for the Temple cup would be cancelled unless the wishes of the players were carried out.

Fifth race, five furlongs, Elmo, 9 to 10 won. Myrtle second, Fairchild third. Time, 1:36.

Sixth race, five furlongs, Swifty, 20 to 1 won. Valkyrie second, Toloco third. Time, 1:36.

Strathroy, by nose. The second race was run for mishaps, only five horses finishing, although none started. Text was left at the starting post, and the race was won by Misses Merry Monarch and Merry Monarch closed in on Robin Hood, who stumbled and fell. Millboy fell over him, and Clayton, on Ten Spring, who was running behind, closed in and avoided the fall. Van Kuren and J. Hill, the jockeys on the two fallen horses, were not seriously injured.

First race, one mile, Sadie Hard, 25 to 1 won. Strathroy second, Aletha Allen third. Time, 1:43.

Second race, six furlongs, Salvation, 6 to 1 won. Penniles second, Merry Monarch third. Time, 1:36.

Third race, handicap, mile and a sixteen, Buckwa, 6 to 5 won. Pocahontas second, Derevala third. Time, 1:48.

Fourth race, handicap, six furlongs, Red Carpet, 20 to 1 won. Prime Minister second, Katherine third. Time, 1:36.

Fifth race, five furlongs, Elmo, 9 to 10 won. Myrtle second, Fairchild third. Time, 1:36.

Sixth race, five furlongs, Swifty, 20 to 1 won. Valkyrie second, Toloco third. Time, 1:36.

Footcovers to all Mankind. 27 Whitehall.

FACTS WORTH KNOWING!

Never before in the history of the shoe business in Atlanta has such a magnificent selection of exclusive designs been shown by any house.

We don't ask any more for them than others charge for old styles and inferior qualities. You owe it to yourself to see what we have.

OUR STOCK is larger than ever.

OUR PRICES are lower than ever.

OUR ASSORTMENT is more varied than ever.

Byck Bros. & Co.
Footcovers to all Mankind. 27 Whitehall.

TAKE A LOOK!

AT THE NOVELTIES IN OUR FALL STOCK. THEY COMprise THE LATEST FABRICS, CUT AND MADE IN THE LATEST STYLES WHICH WE OFFER AT POPULAR PRICES.

IF YOU DO NOT LIKE THE NOVELTIES, WE HAVE A NEW LINE OF OLD FAVORITES, CLAYS, WORSTEDS AND CHEVIOTS.

WE WANT YOU TO EXAMINE THEM FOR THEY ARE SURE TO PLEASE—FILLED WITH ALL THE INDESCRIBABLE ELEGANCE THAT DISTINGUISHES THE BETTER CLASS OF CUSTOM MADE GARMENTS.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

STEWART COLE & CALLAWAY

26 Whitehall St.

CAR BREAKERS.

Three of Them Captured by Chief Conn

Last Night.

QUANTITIES OF STOLEN GOODS FOUND

Cigars, Clothing, Dry Goods and Whisky Give Evidence That the Robbers Have Lived High.

Chief Conn, of the county police, made three arrests last night.

By a unique piece of detective work he succeeded in capturing three long wanted car breakers and a big supply of stolen goods.

The parties arrested are negroes and their names are Albert and Ed McCune and Joe Treadaway.

Albert and Ed McCune are father and son, and from all appearances they have been living on the fat of the land.

When arrested last night they carried a number of fine cases, fine clothing and other articles of luxury too numerous to mention were found at their places of residence.

Ed McCune and Joe Treadaway, who are two young negroes, were arrested at a negro boarding house in Pittsburg, a suburb around the East Tennessee shops.

The elder McCune, who is a sleek looking old negro, was found dead in his bed in street, where some of the goods taken from freight cars were found to be identified.

For several days the officers of the East Tennessee and Georgia have been engaged in the search for the murderer of the negro.

In some instances entrance to the cars was found to have been forced, and at other times the robbers seemed to have gained access by unlocking the doors.

The master was reported to Chief Connolly and he immediately got onto a clump which led to the above arrest.

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10 PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., October 5, 1894.

The Lesson of Wednesday.

The returns from the state election were more difficult to gather Wednesday night than they were two years ago. There was a closer division and more counting to be done.

The result is not one on which the democrats can plume themselves. The populists have made surprising gains, and there has been a serious slump in the democratic majority as compared with that of 1892. We had almost said that the slump was a surprising one, but no one who has intelligently watched the progress of the campaign in this state can be surprised at the falling off in the democratic majority. In the very nature of things it was inevitable; and if the same sinister elements that produced confusion in the democratic ranks in this campaign shall retain their potency until the next one, the democrats will have grounds for congratulation if they come out of it with any majority at all.

Every vote lost to the democrats and every vote gained to the populists is to be referred directly to the efforts of the goldbug bushwhackers to convince the people of the state that the party is not in favor of the free coinage of silver. These goldbug bushwhackers went about from county to county declaring that the democratic party is not committed to the policy of remonetizing silver, without the consent of England, and assuring the voters who came out to hear them that such a policy would be ruinous, and that the only remedy for the repeal of republican financial legislation was for the people of this country to obtain the consent and co-operation of the monarchical powers of Europe.

But this is not all. The goldbug bushwhackers, denying and disputing a time-honored democratic principle, went upon the stump with the democratic candidate for governor, and informed the democratic voters that the platform on which their candidate was nominated and the position that he held on the silver question were radically wrong.

Wherever these goldbug bushwhackers spoke from the same platform with the democratic candidate for governor, or with the chairman of the democratic executive committee, nothing prevented the affair from taking the shape of a joint debate but the forbearance of those democratic leaders and officials. Under these circumstances—peculiar and unprecedented—the only wonder is that the slump in the democratic majority is not more serious.

These tactics, carried out with the connivance of the element that has expectations of federal office, were of such a character as to impart confusion into the minds of democratic voters where confusion had never existed before.

Patriotic and sensible democrats could not listen to this bushwhacking arrangement of the democratic platform and the democratic candidates without feelings of doubt and disgust. Those who had been taught by the populist leaders to distrust the professions of the democratic leaders were confirmed in their purpose to oppose the democrats, and those who were too intelligent to doubt were disgusted with the efforts of the goldbugs to turn democratic professions into republican arguments.

The result of it all has been to bring about a slump in the democratic majority that is as significant as a defeat would be. It is a warning to the party that cannot be safely ignored. The voters have placed the seal of their disapproval on the effort to wrench the party away from its time-honored principles. The people in a very impressive way have expressed their disgust at the attempt of the bushwhackers to popularize republican financial arguments.

The only remedy is for those who profess to be party leaders to repudiate the effort to compel the people to endorse the financial views of John Sherman; to declare in plain and unmistakable terms for the reopening of the mints to the free coinage of the people's money; and to endorse only those candidates who believe that the people of the United States are able to settle their own currency questions without the in-

terference of the monarchical governments of Europe.

There is no other issue worth talking about before the people of the country. Five-cent cotton, forty-five-cent wheat, the depressed condition of business and low property values cry out for its settlement.

The Negro at the North.

The New York Sun, in commenting on a pamphlet containing the letters of Governor Northern, called forth by northern criticisms of the treatment of negroes in the south, calls attention to a recent incident in Brooklyn. This incident is of unusual interest, because it shows the real feeling of northern people toward the negro.

We gather from The Sun that a rich and respectable colored man bought a house in an eligible quarter of Brooklyn. When this fact became known the white residents in the neighborhood showed both alarm and indignation. One of them informed a reporter of The Sun that "it was a d-d outrage." The lady who owns the house next to the one bought by the colored man said to the man who sold the property: "I want to know what right you have to do such a mean thing. Do you think you have acted the part of a Christian to ruin my property?" "He is highly respectable," acknowledged the tenant of this lady's house, but, of course, we object to the possibility of living next door to a colored man. Quoting these things, The Sun goes on to say:

If this colored man, rich, respectable and educated, and well behaved, as General Molinaux describes him to be, should move into that house with his family, the value of all the property in the neighborhood would decline seriously. If he undertook to buy a residence for himself in any other quarter of Brooklyn, or in any other part of New York not already inhabited by negroes he would encounter the same prejudices.

Usually the introduction of a colored family into a neighborhood has a bad effect, white occupants, no matter how poor and humble they may be, and the hardships to which respectable and well-to-do negro families are compelled to submit in being restricted by this race prejudice to undesirable districts of the town are oftentimes very galling to them. No matter how prosperous and how well educated a negro may be, he has no better chance of being received in society at the north than he has at the south.

The Sun concludes that the governor of Georgia is right in denouncing as hypocritical the northern condemnation of the south because it keeps up the color line. But the hypocrisy denounced by Governor Northern goes deeper than The Sun's remarks would seem to indicate. The objection of the white residents of the Brooklyn neighborhood to living next door to a colored man is a mere matter of moonshine compared to the prejudice at the north that prevents negroes in that section from earning their living in the various trades and professions that are open to them at the south. Here the negro is free to enter into any business or occupation for which his talents or his inclination make him eligible. He can engage in merchandising, he can make himself a master of trades, or he can become an artisan, and in these branches he can and does work side by side with white men. But in the north he is not permitted to enter into competition with the whites in any profitable trade or business.

This fact is testified to not only by the negroes who live at the north, but by the northern people themselves. It is not disputed by anybody, and yet, in the face of it, the northern newspapers are never tired of making the severest attacks on the southern people because they resent the idea of social equality. In fine, the attitude of the northern press is worse than hypocritical.

A Good Showing.

A thoughtful writer on the New York Evening Post who has carefully analyzed a recent statistical report from a government bureau says:

The tables "present the startling truth that the urban population in the southern states has outrun the total population in the ratio of 3 to 1, while it has outstripped the country population fivefold." Let us quote his own table of aggregates for the southern states in order to see how he arrives at this "startling truth":

1860 1880 Increase
 "Urban"..... 1,569,292 5,675,352 4,106,920

Agricultural..... 10,861,171 16,772,912 6,911,840

12,315,373 22,448,164 10,132,801

A glance at the column "Increase" will show that in actual numbers the agricultural population during the thirty years increased 1,800,000 more than the increase in the population of the towns. If there was a movement to the towns, there was also a greater one to the country. It becomes apparent now what the writer means. He has drawn his conclusions from the comparative percentages of the increase. The "urban" population has increased 27% per cent, while the agricultural population increased only 5% per cent, because of the latter percentage is based, the actual growth in numbers is greater than that in the so-called "urban" population. The writer has evidently fallen into the error of considering a ratio as a determining factor. A percentage is but the arithmetical expression of the relation between two sets of figures. Of itself it has no meaning, and can have none without a careful study of the details which it covers. It after includes small villages under the head of urban population, it appears that the actual increase in the agricultural sections is the greater, we may safely stop worrying for the present about "the flocking of young men and women to the southern towns."

This presents the matter in a more encouraging aspect than we have seen before. We were unwilling to believe that there was a wholesale drift of our people from the country to the towns, and this analysis shows that such is not the fact.

The rural districts of the south are as tempting today as they ever were, and the men of enterprise who go into them will find that they are on the road to prosperity.

How Our Farmers Feel.

A commercial traveler who has spent several weeks among the farmers in southern Georgia says that he finds widespread dissatisfaction in that section.

Since the demonetization of silver, cotton, our staple product, has steadily declined in value, until now it cuts only a small figure in the markets of the world.

This object lesson will not be forgotten. It will have its effect. When we had the double standard the farmers of Georgia received high prices for their

products, and they lived more comfortably than they have ever done before or since. Products were high and wages ruled at a good figure, and labor was in demand everywhere.

How has it been since? Depression has existed everywhere, and industry and commerce have been stagnated. This has been the situation ever since silver was demonetized in 1873, and this proposition cannot and will not be controverted by any intelligent man.

What is the remedy? Let us go back to our old system—the system under which we prospered during the first ninety years of the existence of the public. This immense continent, with nearly 70,000,000 people, and its diverse interests, is independent of the policies of Europe, and should adopt its own financial policy.

Independent action is the thing with us, and it is our financial salvation.

Unfortunate and Unexpected.

The defeat of the county bonds proposed to be issued for a new jail will be a disappointment to the great body of our people.

A new jail is a necessity, and the overwhelming vote in favor of the bonds at Wednesday's election shows most unmistakably that nine-tenths of our citizens are in favor of this much-needed public improvement. Under the circumstances, as the matter so vitally concerns the public, it is to be hoped that the county commissioners will see their way clear to the building of a new jail. If this is not done the interests of justice and of the public will suffer.

The vote Wednesday makes it plain that our people demand a new jail, and it is equally plain that the question was not definitely settled on account of our defective laws.

Let us find the remedy and apply it!

Dr. Felton's Letter.

We print in another column a letter from Dr. Felton in reference to an Augusta dispatch printed in The Constitution of the 2d.

As there is no state registration law, the unregistered voters of Georgia will be permitted to cast their ballots in the congressional election. But we think that Dr. Felton may depend on it that there will be fair elections in Georgia. Every interest of the people and every interest of the democratic party demands it. We think that these interests are important enough to compel fair elections.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Dr. Bol, the pathologist, declares that the sum of the land is the \$1 bill. It is the purveyor of contagion, the very imp of uncleanness. This will not, however, prevent a man from getting as many of the unclean things as possible. The doctor thinks that the dollar bill that never gets fumigated and circulated until it rots, the companion of dirt and disease, should be limited by government to a six months' existence—no more.

Every well bred person, when he yawns, puts his hand in his mouth, but not many of them know how to custom it to be considered the proper thing to do. The fact seems to be that it is the survival of a superstitious habit, originating in Europe in the middle ages, or before, in those days it was commonly thought in Europe that the devil was always waiting about for an opportunity to take possession of a man, and that he must get in the mouth. When the person whom he had selected as his victim did not open his mouth wide enough for the purpose within a reasonable time the devil made him yawn, and while his mouth was stretched wide jumped down his throat. Some members of this kind occur in the signs of the cross over their mouths in order to scare away the devil. The peasantry in Italy and Spain still adhere to this method, but most other people have dispensed with the cross sign, and keep out the devil by simply placing the hand before the lips. It is a most remarkable survival of a practice after its significance has perished.

A new saint has been discovered in Africa by German professors residing in that country. He was one of the residents of the oasis Siwah-Amon, and was known to his companions as "the tall palm of the desert." The professor recognized his value as a freak, and at once began negotiations with a view of taking him to Europe for exhibition purposes. The bargain was a hard one to drive, but it was finally concluded, and the monster will probably be on exhibition before long. What makes this giant doubly interesting is the fact that he is but a beardless youth, sixteen years of age, and is still growing at a rapid rate. How big he will be when he attains maturity is only a matter of conjecture, but it is said that he is not increasing in height at the rate of a centimeter a week, and at present he stands fully seven feet high. He is in perfect health and has an enormous appetite, eating enough for three ordinary men. His hand is thirteen inches long, and proportionately broad and large, and his feet are built on the same heroic mold. He is finely proportioned, and it is thought to be the biggest man in the world.

The Financial Index, a handsome weekly of the exchanges, printed in this city, and edited by some of our best known financiers, is making a good record. It improves with each issue, and southern business men generally will find it a valuable publication.

OUR GEORGIA AUTUMN.

Georgia Cracker: Last Sunday was indeed a model day. The atmosphere was as clear as crystal; a light breeze in the early morning gently drove from the northwest; the sun shone bright and warm during midday hours and as he went down his roseate hues melted softly into the gloaming. Yes, it was just such a day as is only seen in this glorious Piedmont region when Indian summer comes and the harvest moon, in the late evening "unveils her peerless light and o'er the dark her silvery mantle throws."

This presents the matter in a more encouraging aspect than we have seen before. We were unwilling to believe that there was a wholesale drift of our people from the country to the towns, and this analysis shows that such is not the fact.

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This object lesson will not be forgotten. It will have its effect. When we had the double standard the farmers of Georgia received high prices for their

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

The Smiles!
 For miles an' miles the country smiles,
 An' all the skies are blue;
 Both night an' day it's jest that way—
 So we'll be smilin', too!

When the bells are ringin'
 An' all the birds are singin'
 It's joy the country's bringin'
 So we'll be joyful, too!

Year in, an' out, in hope an' doubt,
 The country's standin' true;
 Its faith is strong—it rolls along:
 So we'll keep rollin', too!

With all the sweet bells ringin'
 An' birds by millions singin'
 It's joy the country's bringin'
 So we'll be joyful, too!

The philosophy of Berry Benson, of Augusta, as it appears in the "Lighter Vein" department of The Century Magazine, is original and refreshing.

Running for Life.

Now in the silver of the sun
 The autumn's glow:
 The rabbits now are on the run,
 But not for office—no!

The great exposition is booming along,
 and the interest of the country is centered in it.

The Bright Side.

The bright side is the right side,
 No matter what they say;
 An' the man who's lookin' on it
 Is the man who makes the hay!

Mr. Charles J. Payne returned to Augusta yesterday. He furnished The Chronicle with a good account of the state election, from the vantage ground of Atlanta.

Editor Cockerill is going west. What will become of Major George Hampton now?

Move On!

No matter how the times may be—
 Move on!
 Or on the land, or on the sea—
 Move on!

Move on! that is the world's old way—
 Until you strike the judgment day!
 Move on, for poverty or—
 Move on!

It seems that Major Moses P. Handy has greatly offended Chicago by failing to mention in a recent magazine article all of his unknown authors.

After the Battle.

Now the fight is over—
 Country side and town;
 Lead the mules to clover,
 And pull the fodder down!

Has the Southern Magazine changed to a quarterly? If not, it should put in an appearance occasionally.

The west is making great headway—Ex-change.

No wonder: the cyclone is right behind it.

Take It Easy.

With broad fields white with cotton,
 And corn in all the barns,
 Old Hard Times are forgotten:
 Take your ease an' spin your yarns!

Items from Billyville.

The election is over, in this neighborhood, according to law, but the polls are still open, as we lack six votes of being elected, and three men who promised us two votes each are two hours behind time. The election passed off quietly here. The powder was wet and the rope was out.

We have some hope of winning yet, as we are running for congress and sheriff at the same time.

Six repeating voters who were farrared and feathered have hired themselves to the torchlight procession at 50 cents a torch.

SOME GEORGIA STORIES.

SIO TS NERVOUS.

Cotton Advances Some 13 Points on Liverpool and Southern Sales.

L. RPO SELLS 63,000 BALES IN 4 DAYS

Chicago Gas the Feature on the Stock Exchange—Wheat and Corn in Chicago About One Cent Higher.

The election has come and gone and now the people of this immediate section will have more time to devote to a more careful study of the course of prices of the different commodities.

While the political campaign in Georgia was at its height the English spinners were concentrating all their forces against the stock of cotton in Liverpool, and their continued good purchases are at last being felt in the markets on this side. They have been taking all the way from 12,000 to 18,000 bales for the past two weeks, yesterday's sales amounting to 15,000 bales at an advance of 1-32d.

The arrival market over there closed firm at an advance of about 2-24d.

The opening for futures in New York was at an advance of 1 to 3 points, January opening 3 points. A small reaction occurred afterward and January sold down to Wednesday's closing prices, but when 6.05 for January was touched the market assumed a firm attitude and until the close, which was about 13 points above the closing of Wednesday.

After the close 6.19 was bid for January.

Washington, October 4.—The treasury gold reserve is only a few thousand dollars below the \$60,000,000 mark today, having gained \$1,000,000 in the past two days. It is now \$8,000,000 above the lowest point reached in the summer.

In the stock market Chicago Gas was the feature at an advance of 4 per cent over the closing figures of the day previous. Sugar gained 1% and at one time Whisky was 1% above Wednesday's close. The final figures, however, are only 1/2 above the previous close.

In the railway list Missouri Pacific ended 1/2 higher and Chicago, Burlington and Quincy 1/2 higher. Rock Island is 1/2 and St. Paul 1/2 lower.

Bar silver was quoted in London yesterday at 29d per ounce.

In the Chicago market wheat at the close was 1/2 higher. Corn was 1/2 cent higher for December and May 1/2 cent.

A special from Chicago to the Wall Street Journal says: "P. D. Armour, Jr., has just completed an actual test of feeding hogs to hogs on his farm. On September 15th he weighed eighteen pigs, 1,757 pounds. September 29th the same pigs weighed 2,300, gaining 525, and receiving nothing for feed except 1,650 pounds of crushed wheat. Taking the present market for hogs at 5 cents it would make the value received for the wheat \$2.25, or a little over 55 cents per bushel against a cost of about 50 cents for the wheat."

From The New York Stockholder: "For some time exchange has ruled unusually firm for the season. It is not often that it strengthens so persistently. It has done so now for three months at this time of the year. Normally its autumn tendency is downward and the financial public begins in the fall to talk of gold imports."

But the surges of exchange as they came have never been duplicated before. They are abnormal. The market had a reaction in the late month, which was quickly followed by a rally due, bankers explained, to the scarcity of gold, especially coming from the south of the latter since September 1st have considerably exceeded those of a year ago.

Yesterday demand sterling was highest with the actual rate up 1/2d. How far these quotations are others bearing on the situation compare with the quotations of a normal period? Take 1891. In early October of the latter year demand was 4.50 and gold was 1.50. Gold came from Europe because the latter bought securities, wheat was on the dollar, cotton on the 9-cent basis. A casual review of prevailing conditions will readily show that there are large differences for the present exchange situation, by which is meant the depression in farm products.

With money 1 per cent against 6 in 1891, which were 55 per cent less, and cotton 6 cents, it is not strange that there are no indications of immediate gold imports, though, of course, the comparison by no means implies that gold will not come this autumn as it has done in the like period of former years.

From The Wall Street Journal.

M. Norman B. Ream, who has been in New York for several days, left for the west Wednesday. Speaking of the general situation, he says: "The problem before the country is not as to what to do to buy or to what the stock market will do, but it is as to how to one can economize to make both ends meet in the matter of living. The problem is to find out how one goes about making ends meet. The last months have been \$8,844,916, but the way in which they have declined since the increase in the whisky tax took effect is inconsiderable. Considerable has been done for spring. Print cloths have been in actual receipt with the exception of the price and the comparatively moderate receipts."

The following is the range of cotton futures in New York:

	Open	High	Low	Today's Change	Yesterday's Close
Delaware & Lack.	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Northeastern	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Tenn. Coal & Iron	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Richmond Terminal	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
New York & R. B.	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Lake Shore	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Western Union	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Mobile & Ohio	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Union Pacific	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
J. & C. Castle Ford Co.	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Arkansas	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Lehigh & Nash.	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
North. Pacific pref.	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Rock Island	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Chicago & Quin.	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Conn. & H. Sugar	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
Erie	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
All Cotton Oil	183	183	183	1/8 up	182
General Electric	183	183	183	1/8 up	182

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stocks at the ports:

	REG'D. 1894	EXP'RTS.	STOCK.
Saturday	1894	1894	1894
Total	1894	1894	1894

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans:

	Open	High	Low	Today's Change	Yesterday's Close
October	5.92	6.04	5.95	0.02 up	5.92
November	6.07	6.04	6.07	0.01 up	5.95
December	6.07	6.04	6.07	0.01 up	5.95
Wednesday	6.21	6.11	6.14	0.02 up	6.10
Friday	6.11	6.21	6.11	0.02 up	6.10
Total	6.07	6.11	6.07	0.01 up	5.95

Closed steady; sales 150,800 bales.

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	Open	High	Low	Today's Change	Yesterday's Close
January	5.88	5.91	5.88	0.02 up	5.80
February	5.91	5.94	5.91	0.01 up	5.82
March	5.91	5.94	5.91	0.01 up	5.82
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LEDGERS,
Cash Books,
binding,
TROTYPING,
, Etc., of
Company.
NTA, GA.
S. & C.
Jacob Head, Cashier.

ANK

\$100,000.
nts of banks are
based upon favorable
deposits.

A. NICOLSON,
Ass't Cashier

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bility, \$320,000

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t issue interest
as demand, as
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CORD, Cashier.
C. Asst. Cashier.

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A. P. MORGAN,

A. RICHARDSON

C. DAYTON, Cashier

IK,

Ga.

D PROFITS, \$10,000.

on favorable terms.

sep-01/4

ions \$ per \$1.00 per bbl
Bait. Cabbage 25¢

Confection.

Apple \$1.25-\$3.50 3 bbl.

Watermelons 9¢ 10¢

Crabapple 10¢

Banana 12¢

Currants 6¢ 7¢

Lemons 12¢ 15¢

Lemons 12¢ 15¢</

FINISHED.

Continued From Fourth Column Fifth Page.

that if a revision was made in the second and fifth wards with reference to the race for comptroller it should also be made with reference to the other candidates in the primary.

Colonel Thomson insisted on his point that no recount should be made and no exception, on account of delay, should be taken to the report of the managers unless charges of fraud were brought in the proper way.

Mr. Rosser, who made the original motion, rose to his feet at this juncture.

"I moved to have the returns from the second and fifth wards investigated on account of certain information which was given to me by a gentleman who is present in the room and who can speak for himself if he desires to improve the opportunity."

There was a pause for the space of half a minute, after which Mr. Holliday arose from his chair and stated that rumors to the effect that drunkenness and other irregularities were going on among the managers in the two wards had come to him, and at the instigation of his friends he desired to have the vote recounted.

This declaration imparted an element of spice to the proceedings and as soon as Mr. Holliday resumed his seat Mr. Stark, one of the managers of the fifth ward, stepped into the railing and demanded the name of the man who had given the information. The heated colloquy between the two men has already been narrated.

"It will be observed," said Mr. Rosser, "who put in a word at this point, that my motion for a recount was made on no information of my own but through the information which came to me through Mr. Holliday."

During the delivery of this speech Mr. Rosser was in the close neighborhood of Mr. Stark.

"Are you controlled by somebody else," asked Mr. Stark, who was irritated by the attitude of Mr. Rosser in taking a recount on Mr. Holliday, in calling for a recount on account of his statement.

The attorney grew white as he replied: "What do you mean, sir? I will give you to understand that nobody controls me, and furthermore I am thoroughly able to take care of myself."

The friends of the two men, seeing that a storm was brewing, hastened to interfere. In a few seconds all was quiet and the signs of the little disturbance were completely obliterated.

Mr. George Cassin asked if the managers of the election had been duly sworn in the second and fifth wards.

The managers answered the question affirmatively.

"Then," said he, "I move that we declare the result of the election."

Captain Brotherton took the floor to say that he had made a visit to the fifth ward to inquire into certain rumors which he had heard and found that everything was in proper order and no signs of infidelity or irregularity were to be observed.

The motion of Mr. Rosser to recount the votes in the second and fifth wards was withdrawn, and instead of this motion it was agreed to call for a count of the returns in the second ward only to ascertain whether or not there had been any clerical mistakes in keeping the tally sheet.

This ended the controversy and the result of the primary was declared as shown in the table which appears in this column. The chairman announced the name of each nominee and declared Mr. Goldsmith the nominee for comptroller, subject to the approval of the examining board.

The chairman expressed his faith in the honesty of all the members and thought if any errors were found they were purely accidental and were consistent alike with the honest intentions of the managers and a conscientious discharge of their duty.

Meeting of the Executive Committee.

Promised at 5 o'clock Chairman W. D. Ellis called the meeting to order.

Mr. Park Woodward, on motion, was called to the secretary's desk.

The object of the meeting, as stated by the chairman, was to consolidate the returns of the city election and to make the official announcement as to the result of the election.

Mr. John M. Slaton was the first member of the committee to take the floor.

"I understand," said Mr. Slaton, "that all the wards of the city have reported except the second ward. Before we can proceed with the business of consolidating the vote it is first necessary to ascertain whether or not the second ward is ready to report, and if not, how long it will be before the count is completed."

It was suggested that Mr. Woodward, as the secretary of the committee, be appointed a committee of one to secure the desired information.

Mr. Woodward passed out of the railing and tapped lightly on the door of the room in which the managers were busily at work counting the votes in the ballot box. They had been closeted all night, and were weary and worn out, but when Mr. Woodward entered the room they were intent upon their work and scarcely noted the interruption.

He was given to understand, as the result of his brief interview with the managers, that it would take about three hours to complete the count, or until 8 o'clock.

Colonel T. W. Latham thought that ample time had been given the managers, and since all of them had reported except those of the second ward, he thought it well to look into the matter and ascertain the cause of the trouble.

Chairman Ellis suggested, on the line of Colonel Latham's motion, that a committee of two be appointed to see the managers and find out if they needed any assistance. The suggestion was accepted by Colonel Latham and the chair named as the committee Colonel T. W. Latham and Dr. E. L. Connally.

During the absence of this committee from the chamber Mr. W. R. Dimmock, one of the members of the executive committee from the fourth ward, asked for a recount of the vote in that ward, as one of the candidates was not exactly satisfied with the returns. He desired it on the grounds that rumors were afoot to the effect that the election in the ward was not properly conducted.

Colonel W. S. Thomson took the floor as soon as Mr. Dimmock resumed his seat.

"What right have we to order a new count unless charges of fraud are brought in such a way as to warrant the order? We are compelled, in this matter, to proceed according to law and this committee has no right to call a new count simply to please a candidate who may happen to be dissatisfied with the election. I take this position, without reference to any individual, and simply to voice what I believe to be the law governing a new count in cases of this kind."

The chair sustained the position taken by Colonel Thomson.

No charges of fraud being made by any

one present the matter was tabled on motion of Mr. Hubert Culverhouse.

Colonel Latham, in behalf of the special committee appointed to see the managers of the election in the second ward, made his report to the meeting at this juncture.

"The managers have still a large number of votes to count," said Colonel Latham, "and they desire to have assistance. If they could obtain the services of two good men it would greatly expedite matters, and it will enable them to get through in about two hours."

A motion was made to this effect and Messrs. J. F. Gathings and Park Woodward, both of the second ward, were appointed to assist the managers.

Mr. D. W. Green moved that the committee adjourn until after supper and report at 8 o'clock. The motion was withdrawn, however, for the purpose of discussing the call of a mass meeting to select a new executive committee. It was decided, after a short debate, to let the matter rest for the present, as the voters of the county had enough politics for the season.

The motion of Mr. Waltrip E. Brown suggesting 7:30 o'clock as a suitable hour, and the meeting adjourned accordingly.

Hon. George Sims.

Mr. George Sims, the nominee of the democratic party in the fifth ward, is one of the leading and most progressive young men of that section of the city. Mr. Sims came to Atlanta some twelve years ago from Georgia and began his life as a clerk in one of the local commission houses of the city. By hard work, economy and good judgment he soon acquired enough capital to enter business for himself. He proved a successful business man and is now one of the largest merchants in the western section of the city. Mr. Sims has never been in politics before, but if he is as competent there as in other walks of life he will prove a success. He is very popular in his ward and has many friends throughout the city. His victory over Captain Mayes, one of the most popular men in the city, was quite a compliment within itself.

MR. ATKINSON'S EXACT VOTE.

There were some alterations in the Fulton County Vote.

There was a slight variation in the vote for Colonel Atkinson in the city yesterday, due to the fact that the tables first published were on a guess, the count of the sixth ward having not been completed when the paper went to press.

The variation is only slight, however, and makes the majority Mr. Atkinson received over Judge Hines but little different from that named in the papers yesterday in the reports of Fulton county and the city.

In the city the exact vote for Atkinson was 2,747. In the county precincts the vote for Atkinson was 292, making the total vote in the county 3,039.

Judge Hines' vote in the county was 1,519.

The Two Governors.

Governor Norther returned from Hancock county last night. He had gone there to cast his vote for W. Y. Atkinson for governor. Having discharged that duty, he returned to enter upon the work of preparing for the transfer, at the proper time, of his office to Governor-elect Atkinson.

Governor-elect Atkinson will be in Atlanta today.

THE GRAND JURY TO ACT

Upon the Question of Establishing a Reformatory for Juveniles.

A petition largely signed has been prepared, asking for the establishment of a reformatory for juvenile offenders.

The grand jury of Fulton county has been asked to consider the matter, according to the question. Hon. Martin Amorous, Dr. J. D. Turner and other members of the grand jury have already expressed themselves in favor of the petition proceeding at once with the work.

Common Sense.

Is a somewhat rare possession. Show that you have a share of it by refraining from eating fruit when you are constipated, and by relaxing your bowels gently, not violently, with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a wholesome, non-oily, non-irritating and non-stimulating medicine. It conquers dyspepsia, malaria, liver complaint, kidney and bladder trouble and nervousness and is admirably adapted for the feeble and convalescent.

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades, furniture and room moulding. 40 Marietta street. Send for samples.

MEETING NOTICES.

A regular communication of W. D. Luckie lodges Nos. 88, F and A. A. Kimball house.

At 7:30 a.m. on Saturday, November 3, 1894, at 7:30 o'clock. Work in the third, or master's, den. Brethren qualified cordially invited to attend.

MALVERN HILL, W. M. C. GOODMAN, Secretary.

Notice of Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern Railway Company will be held at the office of the company in the city of Atlanta, Ga., on Friday, November 9, 1894, at 4 o'clock p.m., central time.

The transfer books will be closed until November 1, 1894. J. M. SHERWOOD, Secretary.

Oct 2 to Nov 9

S.A.L.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPT. 23, 1894.

The Atlanta "Special" Solid Vestibuled Train—No Extra Fare Charged.

NORTHEAST. SOUTHWEST.

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, SUNDAY.

7:15 a.m. 12:30 p.m. 4:30 p.m. 8:45 p.m.

8:25 a.m. 1:30 p.m. 4:30 p.m. 8:45 p.m.

28 p.m. 12:30 a.m. 4:30 a.m. 8:45 a.m.

1:30 a.m. 4:30 p.m. 8:45 p.m. 12:30 a.m.

4:30 a.m. 8:45 p.m. 12:30 a.m. 4:30 p.m.

11:45 a.m. 2:30 p.m. 6:30 p.m. 10:30 p.m.

6:45 p.m. 9:30 p.m. 12:30 a.m. 4:30 a.m.

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FORREST ADAIR
ADAIR, REAL ESTATE,
for rent in West End an elegant
idence with gas, electric bells,
large lot, stables, servants' room,
et, trolley cars and, in fact, every
the comfort and convenience of a
gentleman's home. I will rent it
months cheap to a good tenant.
one of the best retail stores in the
Whitehall, running through to
o stories. If you want a store for
millinery, boots, shoes, books,
furniture or any retail business,
examine it.

W. ADAIR
HAMPTON, CHAS. HERMAN,

PTON & HERMAN,
Estate and Loans,

41 Grant Building.

will buy forty acres fine farm
on Decatur and McDonald roads
four miles from city limits.

for a magnificent farm of
only three miles from city limits
is to suit purchasers.

will buy 150 acre farm only
miles from Atlanta with good
house and all necessary out-

terms. Five acres fine land at Lake-
ange. East Lake lots for city
also have several fine farms to
be sold. Write us if you wish it sold.

HAMPTON & HERMAN.

WITH THE RAILROADS

Winter Tourist Rates Agreed to by All
Lines in the South.

ARRANGEMENT TO PREVENT SCALPING

The New Shops of the Southern Railway.
Other Interesting News and Goe-
sip of the Rail.

The arrangements for handling the winter tourist travel have all been adjusted by the Southern Passenger Association.

Commissioner M. Slaughter, of the association, has given notice to the roads forming the association that the rates will be the same to winter tourists this year as they were last, which means that the traveler shall pay 2 cents per mile both ways, instead of 3.

This is a favor that has been granted winter tourists by southern roads for a number of years, it being for the purpose of encouraging travel to the south in the winter, just as the same or a similar rate is allowed in the summer season on account of the rush to summer lands of pleasure and health.

The winter tourist rates south will be effective from the 1st of November to the 1st of May.

Tickets will go on sale November 1st and will be sold until April 1st next, when the season of sale will close, tickets being good to return, however, until the 1st of May.

This year there will be an effort to put a stop to the work of the ticket scalpers in the selling of winter tourist rates. Stop-over privileges will be granted just as heretofore, but they will be manipulated on a different line of operation. The passenger desiring to secure a stop-over will have to go to the ticket agent in the town he wishes to stop and deposit his ticket with the agent to get a receipt. It is the intent of those to leave the town, he will have to go to the ticket agent and get his ticket again, and along with it he will get a "passer," showing the length of the stop-over, and on what train the passenger must leave town on the continuance of his journey.

These precautions were thought necessary by the railroads for the reason that the winter tourist traffic has been a great source of trouble to the ticket scalpers in their work. The tickets would be sold to them for speculation by the party after a stop-over had been enjoyed. The new plan will not necessarily put the passenger to any additional trouble, since the tickets will be kept by the ticket agent wherever the stop-over is allowed and will be given back to the passenger when he wishes to renew the contract with the ticket scalper in their work.

The tickets will remain several weeks longer with relatives in the mountains, Atlanta, Georgia. She will probably spend a few days with relatives in Rome before returning to Atlanta.

Miss Lillian Lochnair will remain several weeks longer with relatives in the mountains, Atlanta, Georgia. She will probably spend a few days with relatives in Rome before returning to Atlanta.

Miss Idia Mangum of Macon, who has always claimed many friends in Atlanta, will be the guest of Mrs. Dr. Jarnagan in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Ohl and daughter left yesterday for New York by way of the Ocean Steamer. They will spend several weeks in the east.

Mrs. G. H. Walter, in company with her charming daughter, Miss Frances Walter, are on a visit to friends in this city, being on their way to their home in Savannah from a delightful summer spent in the beautiful land around Monticello, Va.

Miss Little Peck leaves for New York Saturday, to be gone for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Inman have gone to New York to spend several weeks.

Mrs. Harwood and her charming daughter are returning to their handsome home on Peachtree street about December 1st, after spending the summer abroad. They are now at their summer home at Marietta.

Mr. and Mrs. Tyler will leave for Europe the 1st of December to go for several months.

HE SEARCHED IN VAIN.

An Inquiry Concerning Silver Legis-
lation in 1890.

To the Editor: Under the legislation of 1890 what were the least number of grains of pure silver the secretary of the United States treasury was allowed to purchase for that year? What was the purchase of silver bullion paid?

How much silver did the treasury require to coin each month?

I have searched for this information in vain in all the reference books at command.

Judge Samuel Lumpkin being disqualified in this case, Judge W. F. Jenkins, of the Domestic Court, sat in his place. Judge Henry B. Thompson and Mr. C. C. May represented the Central Trust Company, while Payne & Tye and Henry Jackson represented Receiver Garrett, themselves and other claimants, and Gorham, Guernsey & Hall, Dorsey, Brewster, Howell, Hamilton Douglas, Peter F. Smith, Glenn A. Maddox, R. E. Wright, C. W. Smith, A. Peeples represented still other claimants.

HE SEARCHED IN VAIN.

A Car Load Will Be Received Tomorrow by the Lint & Lovelace Com-
mission Co.

The Lint & Lovelace Commission Com-
pany, corner of Broad street and the bridge, have just received a car of New York state Concord grapes that are to be sent for general shipment. Everybody that knows anything about grapes is aware of the fact that there are none more famous than the Concord. These grapes are in perfect condition and will be sold at very close figures.

The same company will have a car of California peaches, pears, plums and Tokay grapes on the market in time for general shipping.

The fact that the Lint & Lovelace Commission Company is shipping fruit by the car load, both from New York and California, shows that they are among the leading commission concerns in the southern states. Their car of California fruits will be sold at special prices to the trade. Better go down and see this company to-day and make arrangements for and paid into the treasury.

This act took effect thirty days after the date of approval by the president, which was June 1, 1890.

The reader was evidently not one of the many of our readers who have procured the new edition of the Encyclopedia Britannica, the open edition, published by the author. If he had owned this reference library, he could easily have turned to the above information under the head of silver legislation, on page 182, in volume 27.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT.

A Car Load Will Be Received Tomorrow by the Lint & Lovelace Com-
mission Co.

The Lint & Lovelace Commission Com-
pany, corner of Broad street and the bridge, have just received a car of New York state Concord grapes that are to be sent for general shipment.

Everybody that knows anything about grapes is aware of the fact that there are none more famous than the Concord. These grapes are in perfect condition and will be sold at very close figures.

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The fact that the Lint & Lovelace Commission Company is shipping fruit by the car load, both from New York and California, shows that they are among the leading commission concerns in the southern states. Their car of California fruits will be sold at special prices to the trade. Better go down and see this company to-day and make arrangements for

what you need.

The Weather Bulletin.

Observations taken at 7 o'clock p.m.

SATIONS AND STATE

OF WEATHER.

SOUTHEAST—

Atlanta, Ga., clear..... 29.94 6 .00 80

Charlotte, N. C. cloudy..... 29.88 64 12 .04 78

Mobile, Ala., cloudy..... 29.94 61 12 .04 78

Knoxville, Tenn., clear..... 29.94 62 .00 72

Montgomery, Ala., clear..... 29.90 73 8 .00 83

Charleston, S. C., clear..... 29.90 74 8 .00 83

Savannah, Ga., pt. cloudy..... 29.88 24 6 .14 88

Tampa, Fla., cloudy..... 29.96 74 L .04 80

Washington, N. C., cloudy..... 29.86 64 6 .24 10

BOSTON.—Boston, Mass., clear..... 29.87 64 6 .24 10

Corpus Christi, Tex., cloudy..... 29.96 80 10 .04 86

Fort Smith, Ark., clear..... 30.01 66 6 .00 74

Gainesville, Tex., cloudy..... 29.96 80 10 .04 86

Memphis, Tenn., clear..... 29.90 64 6 .00 72

Meridian, Miss., clear..... 29.98 72 L .00 72

New Orleans, La., clear..... 29.92 82 10 .00 88

Palestine, Tex., clear..... 29.98 82 10 .00 88

Lynchburg, Va., cloudy..... 29.92 82 10 .00 88

Nashville, Tenn., cloudy..... 29.92 82 10 .00 88

Vicksburg, Miss., cloudy..... 29.94 74 L .00 88

NORtheast—

Baltimore, Md., cloudy..... 29.78 64 L .01 48

Danville, Va., cloudy..... 29.80 72 12 .01 48

Cincinnati, O., cloudy..... 29.90 55 6 .01 48

Detroit, Mich., cloudy..... 29.74 76 16 T .01 54

Montreal, Que., cloudy..... 29.84 64 L .01 48

Winnipeg, Man., cloudy..... 29.82 64 6 .01 48

Norfolk, Va., rainy..... 29.82 64 6 .01 48

Chicago, Ill., cloudy..... 29.82 48 18 .01 48

Dodge City, Kans., cloudy..... 29.80 72 12 .01 48

Dodge City, Kan., clear..... 29.80 70 6 .00 78

Huron, S. D., clear..... 29.80 46 6 .00 78

Kansas City, Mo., cloudy..... 29.80 64 6 .00 78

Newark, N. J., clear..... 29.80 55 6 .00 78

Omaha, Neb., clear..... 29.80 50 L .01 70

Rapid City, S. D., cloudy..... 29.84 54 6 .01 70

St. Louis, Mo., cloudy..... 29.84 54 6 .01 70

St. Paul, Minn., cloudy..... 29.82 46 12 .01 48

FINED FIFTY AND COST.

Dr. Summer Found Guilty Before the
Recorder Yesterday.

Recorder Calhoun had before him yester-
day afternoon Dr. J. E. Summer and H. L.
Martin, charged with retailing whisky
without license.

Dr. Summer is the proprietor of the drug

store on Fair street in which the voting in
the third ward was done. It will be re-
membered that while the voting was in full
blast in this ward, Patrician Tyser and
Barrett arrested Proprietor Summer and
H. L. Martin, and charged them with sell-
ing whisky without license.

The record shows that they had seen sev-
eral suspicious actions around the drug
store, and had been led to believe that whisky
was being sold in the drug store.

The proprietors held a hasty conference at
the charge against them.

They appeared before the court yesterday
and denied the charge.

They were told that the club, the

Woman's Co-operative Club, held in the

headquarters of the club tomorrow at 10

o'clock. Miss Mary H. Hoppe, the well-
known secretary of the club, issues the

call for the meeting and says it is very

urgent that all the members be present

at this session to take an active part in

the work that is before the club for the

furtherance of the worthy cause for which

the organization was made.

There was considerable controversy as

to which receiver should take charge of

the road, but the matter was finally de-
cided by the superior court receiver taking

charge of the road and running it until the

reversal was obtained.

The receivership was not dissolved until

the road was sold for \$50,000, of which

\$100,000 was paid cash.

The many claims of the road were re-
ferred to Special Master W. T. Moyers, who

reported that the claims of the creditors

were entitled to precedence to the first

mortgage claims. One party agreed for

Judge John L. Hopkins to hear the case

in the Superior Court, and Hopkins' decision sustained Mr. Moyers' exceptions.

It was held that the receiver was entitled

to bring the money into court pro rata

amongst all claimants of the fund who

share in the distribution thereof, estimating

the receiver's compensation and his expenses

including the fees of his counsel and also the

fee of \$500 allowed to Mr. Rountree. In

affirming the judgment below, is affirmed:

BAD BREAKS

often occur in some articles of jewelry. Watch spring snaps, stone slips out of its setting, ring cracks, or a thousand and one other little accidents happen. It's convenient to know just where you can get all these matters adjusted by skilled workmen, with expedition and at reasonable prices. Put our address in your pocketbook in case of need. J. P. Stevens & Bros., jewelers, 47 Whitehall street.

we grow

constantly increasing traffic made it necessary to enlarge our floor space—the adjoining store, no. 42 Marietta street is now occupied by us—that's proof of success—we'll have the entire block after awhile—we treat you right—that's why.

bluthenthal "D&D"
& bickart.

hello! no. 378.

old oscar pepper.
canadian club.
four aces.
schlitz beer (brewery bottling).

FRANK M. POTTS,
HENRY POTTS,
JOSEPH THOMPSON.

Potts-Thompson

Liquor Co.

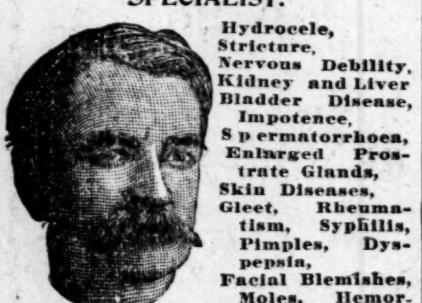
WHOLESALEERS
AND DISTILLERS OF

Stone Mountain
Corn Whisky,

7-13 Decatur Street
Kimball House,

ATLANTA, GA. TELEPHONE 48.

Dr. W. W. Bowes,
SPECIALIST.



Rectal Ulcer-Fistula.

VARICOCELE Permanently CURED. No cutting, no bleeding, no detention from business. Address DR. W. W. BOWES, Atlanta, Ga.

Consultation at office or by mail free. Book and questions for 4 cents in stamp. DR. W. W. BOWES, 15½ Marietta St.,

ABE FRY.

I will sell out my entire stock of Diamonds and Watches at and below cost, on account of going out of the jewelry business on January 1st. I will sell you any watch 25 per cent less than any other house, get their prices and then mine for so much less. Diamonds 33 per cent less than anywhere. I carry the largest stock in the city, and have sold more than any two houses in the city.

ABE FRY,
4 PEACHTREE ST.

THE HANDSOMEST
Line of Fall Fabrics to
be found south of New
York is at

H. B. ELSTON'S,

THE TAILOR,

3 East Alabama Street. 3
Call and be convinced. He will
surely please you.

Sept 27—thurs fri sat sun mon wed fri sun

OPIUM and Whiskey Bottles
and Cigars at 15¢ each with
our price. Books and periodicals sent FREE.
B.M. WOOLLEY, M.D.
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mar18-12m

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Elected.

Good men were elected and good men chosen to represent the various political agents, 37 North Broad street, the people's choice, feel grateful to the people of Atlanta for their support and invite you to list your property with them for rent.

GREENE & CO., 37 North Broad Street, Oct 2-21

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He is a man of great energy and he will take your order.

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BAD BREAKS
often occur in some articles of jewelry. Watch spring snaps, stone slips out of its setting, ring cracks, or a thousand and one other little accidents happen. It's convenient to know just where you can get all these matters adjusted by skilled workmen, with expedition and at reasonable prices. Put our address in your pocketbook in case of need. J. P. Stevens & Bros., jewellers, 47 Whitehall street.

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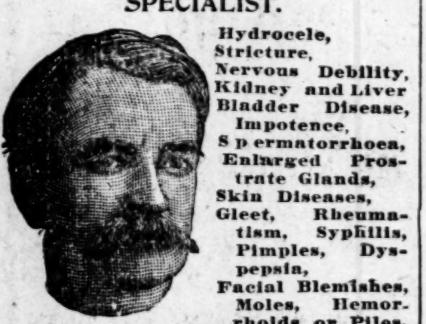
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